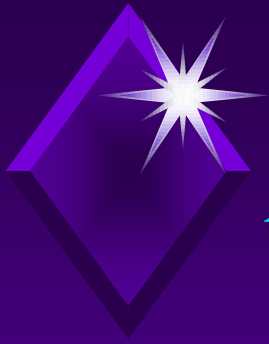


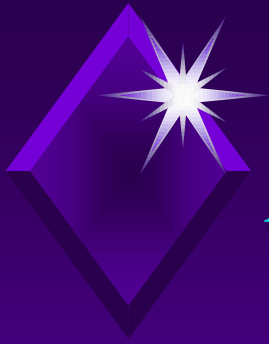
# *Temporal Media Types*

- ◆ Audio
- ◆ Analog Video
- ◆ Digital Video
- ◆ Music
- ◆ Animation
- ◆ Speech



## *Analog Video -1*

- ◆ Analog video is *not* stored and manipulated within the computer.
- ◆ Knowledge of analog video is important since digital video often enters and leaves the computer as analog video.



## *Analog Video - 2*

**Media type** Analog video

**Representation**

Frame rate

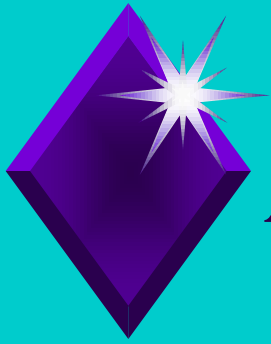
Number of scan lines

Aspect ratio

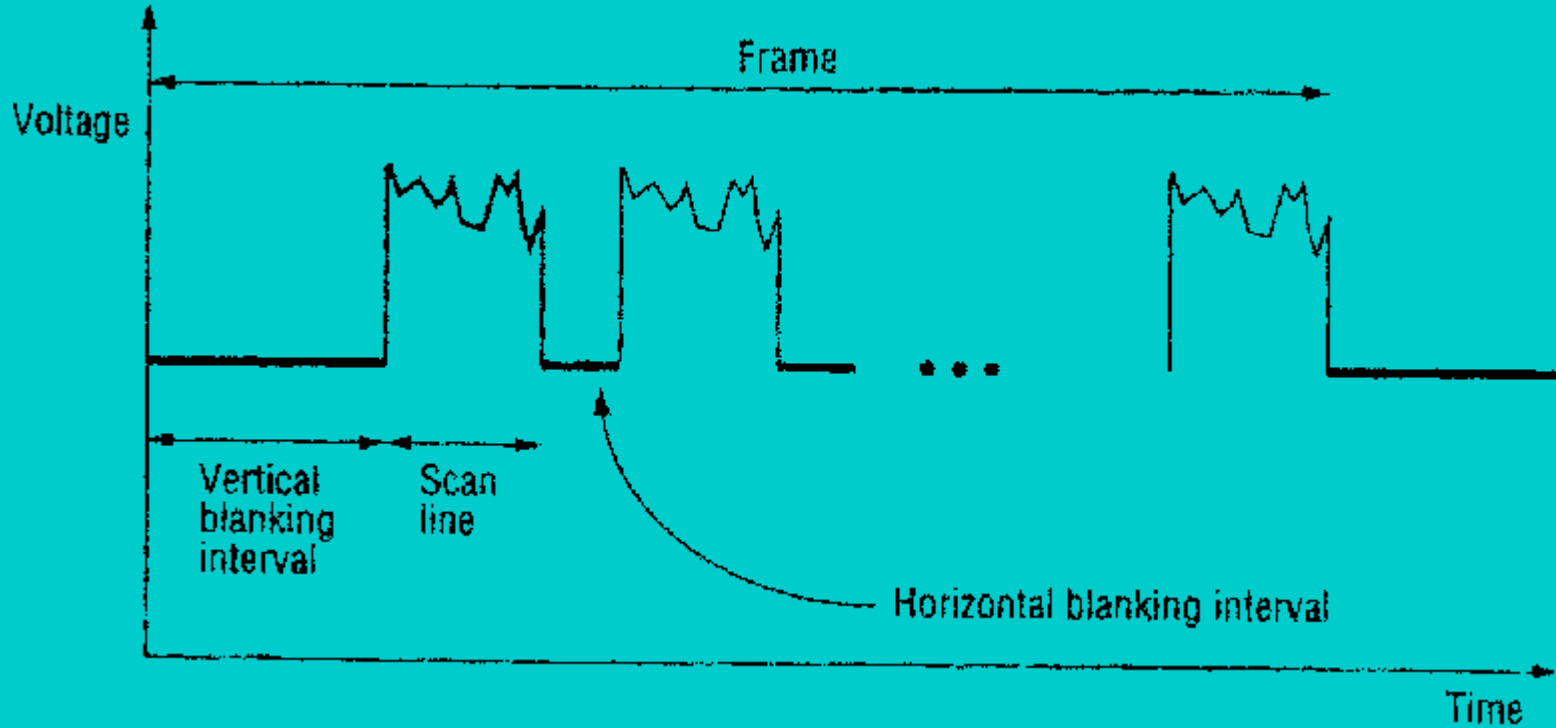
Interlacing

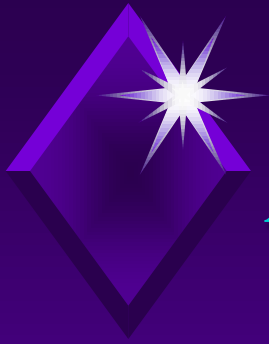
Quality

Component versus composite



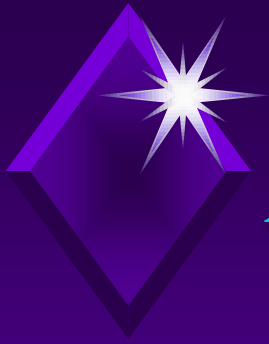
# *Analog Video - 3*





# *Analog Signal Formats*

<b>Signal format</b>	<b>Components</b>	<b>Frame Rate (Hz)</b>	<b>Scan lines</b>	<b>Aspect Ratio</b>	<b>Interlacing</b>
<b>NTSC</b>	1	29.97	525	4:3	2:1
<b>YUV 525/60</b>	3	29.97	525	4:3	2:1
<b>PAL/SECAM</b>	1	25	625	4:3	2:1
<b>YUV 625/50</b>	3	25	625	4:3	2:1
<b>RGB</b>	3	~25-75	~200-1000	varies	Usually 1:1
<b>HDTV ??</b>	3	25/30	1125/1250	16:9	2:1



# *Analog Video - 3*

## **Operations**

Storage

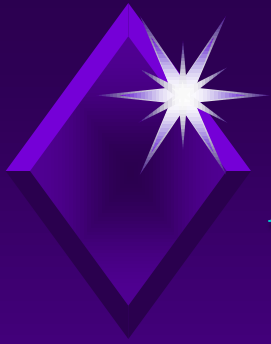
Retrieval

Synchronization

Editing

Mixing

Conversion



# *Mixing - Transitions/Effects 1*

- ◆ Cut -

mixer switches abruptly from *A* to *B*

- ◆ Fade -

transition from a single input to a constant background (black)

- ◆ Dissolve (cross-fade) -

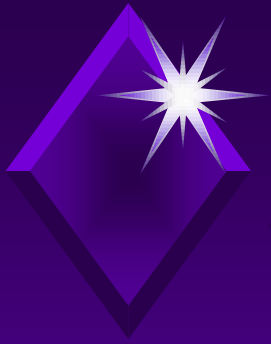
The contribution of *A* is lowered while that of *B* is increased



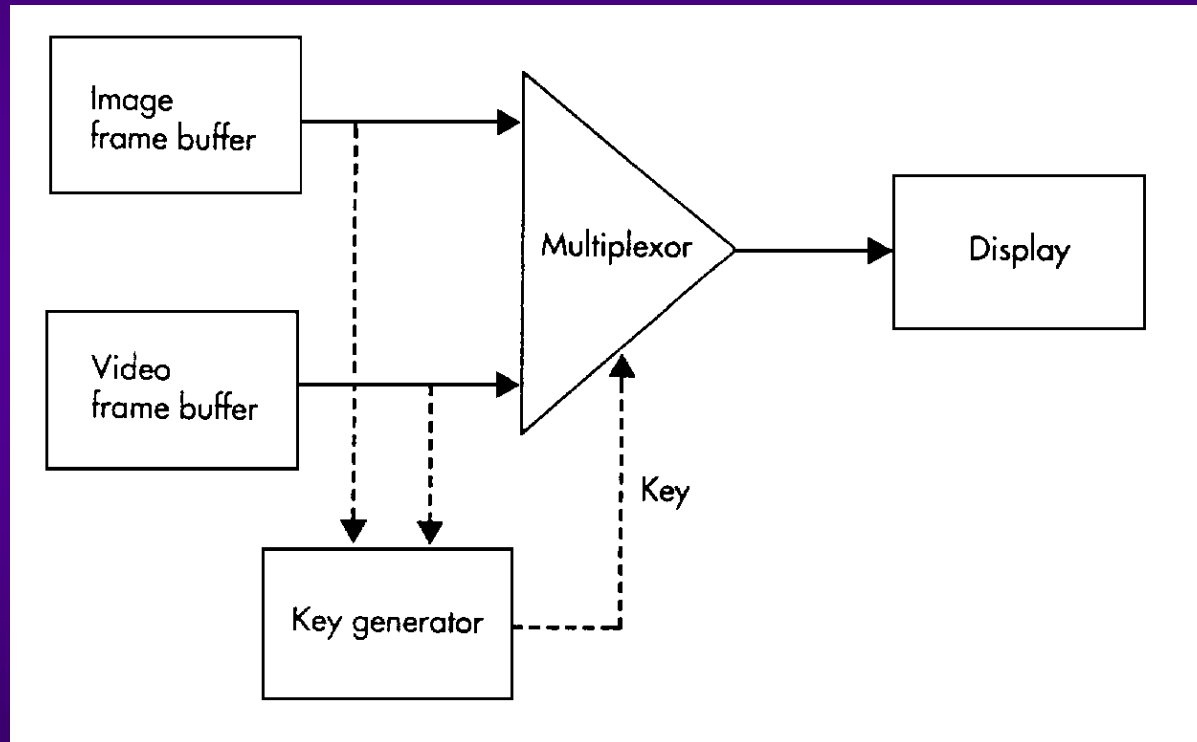
## *Mixing - Transitions/Effects 2*

- ◆ **Wipe** -  
A is pulled to reveal B
- ◆ **Tumble** -  
B tumbles in to cover A
- ◆ **Wrapping** -  
One input is wrapped around a simple 3D object
- ◆ **Keying** -  
An effect used to overlay two inputs.














# *Keying: Display multiplexor*





# *Window, luma, & chroma keying*

KEY	Contents of image frame buffer	Contents of video frame buffer	Combination on display screen
WINDOW			
LUMA			
CHROMA			



# *Digital Video - 1*

## **Media type Digital video Representation**

Analog formats sampled

Sampling rate

Sample size and quantization

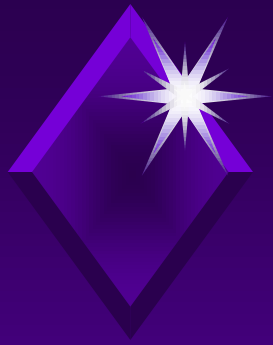
Data rate

Frame rate

Compression

Support for interactivity

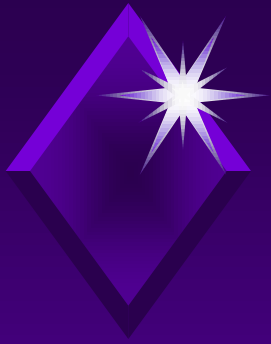
Scalability



# Scalability

Scaleable video allows control over video quality

- ◆ **Transmit Scalability:** The encoded data rate is chosen at *compression* time.
- ◆ **Receive Scalability** - the decoded data rate is chosen at *decompression* time in order to match playback requirements.



# *Common Formats*

- ◆ *DVI - Digital Video Interactive*
- ◆ *MPEG - Moving Pictures Expert Group*
- ◆ *Motion JPEG - Joint Photographics Expert  
Group*
- ◆ *DV - Digital Video*



# *Digital Video - 2*

## **Operations**

Storage

Retrieval

Synchronization

Editing

Effects

Conversion